METRIC

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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

INTERFACE STANDARD

SYMBOLS FOR ARMY SYSTEMS DISPLAYS (METRIC)



AMSC N/A AREA HFAC

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FOREWORD

- 1. This military standard is approved for use by the U.S. Army Missile Command, Department of the Army, and is available for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.
- 2. Role modifiers for symbols presented herein, for the most part, use those being proposed in draft revisions of FM-101-5 and NATO STANAG 2019 known as APP 6, Change 2. Some minor changes have been made to correct a few inconsistencies.
- 3. Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Commander, U.S. Army Missile Command, ATTN: AMSMI-RD-SE-TD-ST, Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898-5270 by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) at the end of this document or by letter.

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1. SCOPE

- 1.1 <u>Scope</u>. This standard prescribes the physical characteristics of ground and air track symbols, unit/installation symbols, control measures symbols, equipment symbols, and associated alphanumeric information for U.S. Army Combined Arms system displays which are generated by electronic, optic, or infrared technology and presents information in real time or near-real time.
- 1.2 <u>Purpose</u>. Requirements are specified herein for the selection and depiction of symbols which provide U.S. Combined Arms personnel with track, mission, and status information.
- 1.3 Application. This standard applies to the design of all U.S. Army Combined Arms system displays and shall be tailored as required to meet individual system requirements. These systems include: Air Defense, Aviation, Armor, Infantry, Fire Support, Intelligence, and Logistics. The symbols presented herein are intended for application to high quality, calligraphically written cathode-ray tube displays. This standard also applies to flat-panel and optical type displays if the provisions are modified to ensure that image quality provides legible symbols, modifiers and alphanumerics. This standard does not apply to existing systems, unless system product improvement program (PIP) involving the system displays is undertaken.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 General. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3, 4, and 5 of this standard. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this standard or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in sections 3, 4, and 5 of this standard, whether or not they are listed.

2.2 Government documents.

2. 2.1 <u>Specifications</u>, <u>standards</u>, <u>and handbooks</u>. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issue of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

STANDARDS

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MIL-STD-1472 - Human Engineering Design Criteria

for Military Systems, Equipment,

and Facilities

MIL-STD-1787 - Aircraft Display Symbology

HANDBOOKS

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

MIL-HDBK-1908 - Definitions of Human Factors Terms

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of the above specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 09111-5094).

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. DEFINITIONS

Except as noted below, the terms used in this standard are defined by MIL-HDBK-1908.

- 3.1 <u>Installation</u>. Any military systems of personnel and equipment set up for specific tactical operations.
 - 3.2 Point. The map locations (coordinates) of specific military operations.
- 3.3 <u>Symbol</u>. A geometric form, alphanumeric information, or combination thereof, used on a display or map to identify, define, and distinguish a specific military track, unit, installation, force operation, battlefield geometry, and status information in real time.
- 3.4 <u>Symbol modifier</u>. Markings used to define dynamic, real-time changes in symbol information, e.g., speed and heading vector for an air track. Also used to define the specific function of a unit and installation.

- 3.5 <u>Track</u>. A graphic symbol, along with applicable symbol modifiers, of any space, air, land, surface, or sub-surface vehicle which has been detected and processed by a sensor system and electronically displayed, in real time.
- 3.6 <u>Unit</u>. Any military element of personnel and equipment whose structure is prescribed by competent authority, specifically, part of an organization.

4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1 <u>Standardization</u>. Symbols used in the U.S. Army systems shall be consistent and uniform for common functions where symbols are used to display functions for the soldier-machine interface. Such Army systems include: Maneuver Control, Air Defense, Air Support, Intelligence and Electronic Warfare, and Combat Service Support, plus those systems used in the command, control, and interoperability of the battlefield systems.
- 4.2 <u>Symbol categories</u>. Symbols defined in this standard are presented and utilized in two tactical operational categories: engagement operations and force operations. Symbols for engagement operations shall use shape coding for identification and symbols for force operations shall use an alpha designator for identification. Color coding shall be used as a redundant method for both engagement and force operations symbols.
- 4.3 <u>Basic symbol design</u>. Unless otherwise required by operational consideration, symbol shapes shall use open rather than filled structures (e.g., "O" rather than "•") to provide space for effective integration of various modifiers.

5. DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- 5.1 System coding. Where visual discrimination between signals may be critical to human and system performance, symbols shall be appropriately coded. Coding techniques shall include shape, line structure, modifier, blinking, reverse video, and color. A symbol luminance of not less than 0.34 cd/m² and a luminance contrast ratio of not less than 0.88 should be maintained. Symbols should be designed for use from a viewing distance of not more than 0.5m.
 - 5.1.1 Symbol shapes and modifiers.
 - 5.1.1.1 Tactical engagement operations applications.
 - 5.1.1.1.1 Basic tracks. Basic track symbol shapes shall conform to Table I.
- 5.1.1.1.2 <u>Track modifiers</u>. Standard modifiers to track symbols shall conform to Table II. Modifiers to track symbols include multiple tracks, engageable or

unengageable, and speed and heading vectors. A common meaning and location discipline shall be used across display modes and symbol modifier applications.

- 5.1.1.1.3 <u>Landmark symbols</u>. Landmark symbols which aid an operator to correlate a visually detected track to a graphically displayed track shall conform to Table III.
- 5.1.1.1.4 <u>Special symbols</u>. Special symbols associated with the display of engagement symbols, tabular information, and ground fire planning shall conform to Table IV.
- 5.1.1.1.5 <u>Symbol and modifier activation</u>. No more than two sequential key actions shall be required to activate basic classes of symbols and symbol modifier categories.
 - 5.1.1.2 <u>Tactical force operations applications</u>.
 - 5.1.1.2.1 Units and installations symbols.
- 5.1.1.2.1.1 <u>Basic units and installations</u>. Symbols for basic units and installations, including coding modifiers for current and future locations and identification, shall conform to Table V.
- 5.1.1.2.1.2 <u>Fields</u>. Fields that provide essential information in the form of graphic modifiers, alphanumerics, and abbreviations shall be located outside the basic unit and installation symbols. Fields shall be oriented around the basic symbol as shown in Tables VI and VII. No more than 12 fields shall be used.
- 5.1.1.2.2 <u>Unit role modifiers</u>. These modifiers shall be used inside the basic unit symbol and shall conform to Table VIII. Role modifiers shall be displayed continuously with the unit symbol.
- 5.1.1.2.3 <u>Installation role modifiers</u>. These modifiers shall be used inside the basic installation symbol and shall conform to the following tables for the applications indicated:

Table IX: Collecting Table X: Electronic

Table XI: Logistic supply Table IX: Other logistic

5.1.1.2.4 <u>Control measures</u>. Symbols for control of Army forces are separated into three major categories: Ground Environment, Air Environment, and Special.

5.1.1.2.4.1 <u>Ground environment</u>. Symbols for the ground environment shall conform to the following tables for the applications indicated:

Table IX: Control pointsTable XIV: Control linesTable XV: Control areasTable XVI: Control routes

Table XVII: Control movements

Table XVIII: Crossings

Table XIX: Demolitions, point and linear obstacles

5.1.1.2.4.2 <u>Air environment</u>. Symbols for the air environment shall conform to the following tables for the applications indicated:

Table XX: Control pointsTable XXI: Control linesTable XXII: Control areasTable XXIII: Control routes

5.1.1.2.4.3 <u>Special</u>. Symbols for other special applications shall conform to the following tables for the applications indicated:

Table XXIV: Mines and mine fields.

Table XV: Nuclear, biological, and Chemical (NBC)

- 5.1.1.2.5 Ground equipment. If required, symbols for individual ground equipment items, including aircraft, shall be displayed/presented only when such equipment is stationary; i.e., in a non-track status. When items of ground equipment start to move and are detected by a sensor, they shall be displayed as land-track symbols in accordance with Table I. A capability should be provided to allow an operator to hook (select) any land track as well as other tracks and display track-amplifying information (including type of equipment) in an auxiliary display readout area or window. Symbols for stationary ground equipment shall conform to Table XXVI through Table XXX.
 - 5.1.1.3 Aircraft symbology. See applicable provisions of MIL-STD-1787.
- 5.1.2 <u>Line structure</u>. Not more than six different line structures shall be used to display battlefield geometry. Those selected shall allow for maximum contrast and discrimination. The line structures shall conform to Figure 1. Line structure utilization shall also conform to the track unit, installation, equipment, and control measure symbols in Tables I through XXX.

5.1.3 Blinking.

- 5.1.3.1 <u>Track symbols and modifiers</u>. A capability for track symbols and associated track modifiers to blink in response to certain conditions and to discontinue blinking when the conditions no longer exist, or when appropriate operation action is taken, shall be provided. Only the track symbol and associated modifiers shall blink. The alphanumeric data associated with the track symbol shall not blink.
- 5.1.3.2 <u>Rate</u>. No more than two blink rates shall be used. Where only one rate is used, the rate shall be not less than 4 nor more than 5 Hz. When two rates are used, the second rate shall be no less than 1 nor more than 2 Hz.
- 5.1.3.3 <u>Application</u>. The higher blink rate shall normally be used as the highest priority track indicator on tracks which require urgent operator attention (e.g., rack recommended for engagement by the system, identification conflict, pop-up engageable hostiles). Only one system at a time shall be blinked at the higher rate. The lower blink rate, if required, shall be used for alerting operator to a single class of less urgent tracks (e.g., a new hostile or unknown track entering the operator's area of interest). Only one symbol at a time shall be blinked at the lower rate.
- 5.1.3.4 Non-track symbols. Blinking of symbols for ground units, installations, equipment, and control measures shall be blinked at the lower rate and shall indicated an updated or new location or status. Only one symbol at a time shall be blinked. Where units and tracks are simultaneously displayed, the blinking of a track takes precedence. Alphanumeric data shall not be blinked.
- 5.1.4 <u>Hooking</u>. Hooking action shall be displayed by reverse video, brackets, or a box. Irrespective hooking method, only one symbol at a time shall be capable of being hooked.
- 5.1.4.1 <u>Reverse video</u>. If possible, normally light symbols (and modifiers) on a dark background shall be capable of being switched to dark symbols (and modifiers) on a light background (or vise-versa).
- 5.1.4.1.1 <u>Application</u>. A symbol may be depicted in reverse video in response to certain conditions. Reverse video shall be used to indicate that a symbol has been selected by the operator to receive further action (e.g., selected (hooked) to access more information on a track or unit). When the conditions no longer exist or upon termination of the action, the symbol background polarity shall return to normal.
- 5.1.4.1.2 <u>Shape</u>. When reverse video is used, the display area affected shall be in the shape of a square surrounding the basic symbol and associated modifiers on all sides by at least one stroke width of a line.
- 5.1.4.2 <u>Brackets</u>. If a capability to depict symbols in reverse video is not provided, brackets ([]) shall be used as an alternative to indicate that a symbol has been selected.

5.1.4.3 <u>Box</u>. A modifier in the shape of a square box surrounding the basic symbol is also acceptable as an alternative to reverse video or brackets.

5.1.5 Color.

- 5.1.5.1 <u>Use</u>. In order to maintain monochrome CRT compatibility and enhance the primary shape coding, color shall be used as a redundant coding scheme. To maintain good color perception, color symbol luminance should be at least 3 cd/m². A luminance ratio of not less than 5:1 and not more than 10:1 should be maintained for color displays. To maintain the integrity of display symbol color coding and minimize adverse visual effects that might result from red (dark adapted state) or blue-green lighting, which ambient illumination of the crew workspace should be used. For workspaces providing other than white illumination, colors or display symbols may be modified to allow efficient operator discriminability.
- 5.1.5.2 <u>Color scheme</u>. The color specified refers to a class of hues, not to a specific wave length. The hues used should maximize the color contrast. The display should have a dark background to maximize the visibility and discrimination of the colors. Application of color to Army symbology shall conform to the following:
- a. Red Used to depict hostile ground units, installations, equipment, ground and air environment control measures), and track symbols, plus any battlefield geometry representing danger zones.
- b. Yellow Used to depict unknown ground units, installations, equipment, and track symbols, and induced nuclear, biological, or chemical contamination areas.
- c. Green Used to depict friendly ground units, installations, equipment, ground and air environments (control measures), and track symbols, plus any battlefield geometry representing safe zones.
- d. Cyan Used to depict neutral ground units, installations, equipment, ground and air environments (control measures), and track symbols.
- e. White Used to depict alphanumeric data, status information, and other battlefield geometry; e.g., boundary lines.
- f. Blue Should not be used except where conditions require a fifth color to depict non-critical information, and where the use of blue provides adequate contrast with the display background for required legibility.
- 5.1.6 <u>Symbol overlap</u>. When symbols used to depict zones or areas overlap, the underlying lower priority areas which are covered by the highest priority area shall use a dashed-line structure. Overlapping track symbols shall not result in any track symbol blanking or line structure change. Preservation of all track symbols is essential

so that the operator can realize that multiple tracks exist. A capability should be provided to allow an operator to zoom-in or change scale in order to gain more separation of track symbols.

5.2 Size

- 5.2.1 <u>Symbol size</u>. The following equation shall be used to calculate the size of symbols and alphanumerics specified below: Symbol height = Tangent (viewing angle subtended) x (viewing distance). For example, at the minimum recommended viewing distance of 50 cm, a single friendly track should have a diameter of 3.7 mm (see figure 2).
- 5.2.1.1 <u>Local tracks</u>. The major or vertical dimension of a single local track symbol shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 7.3 mrad of arc nor more than 10.2 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location. The horizontal bar (line) denoting a rotary wing aircraft track shall have the same length and the width of a single track symbol. The values, stated for local and remote tracks and also for unit, installations, control points, and equipment (5.2.1.3 through 5.2.1.6) are for symbol luminances which are above 0.35 cd/m² and symbol-to-background luminance contrast of not less than 0.88 (L_1 L_2 / L_1) as defined by MIL-HDBK 1908).
- 5.2.1.2 Remote tracks and alphanumeric data. The major or vertical dimension of the basic track symbol for a single remote track and the height of alphanumeric characters shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 4.7 mrad of arc nor more than 6.6 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location. When a system is receiving only remote track information, an optical capability should be provided to automatically increase the size of the remote track symbols to the size of the local track symbols. Also, when remote tracks correlate with local racks, only the local track symbols shall be displayed.
- 5.2.1.3 <u>Ground units</u>. The vertical dimension of a ground unit symbol shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 10.6 mrad or arc nor more than 12.0 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location.
- 5.2.1.4 <u>Ground installations</u>. The major or vertical dimension of a ground installation symbol shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 2.0 mrad of arc nor more than 14.0 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location.
- 5.2.1.5 <u>Control points</u>. The major dimensions of all control points shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 14.0 mrad of arc nor more than 16.0 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location.

- 5.2.1.6 Equipment. The major dimension of equipment symbols shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 7.3 mrad of arc nor more than 16.0 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location. The size stated is for equipment symbols used independently and not integrated with unit or installation symbol. When equipment symbols are integrated with unit or installation symbols, the equipment symbols should be sized to fit into the unit or installation symbol.
- 5.2.1.7 <u>Multiple tracks</u>. The symbol formed by the inner line shall be the same size as the single track symbol. The outer line shall be separated from the inner line by no less than one stroke width of the line.
- 5.2.1.8 <u>Landmark symbology</u>. The major dimension of the landmark symbol shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 7.3 mrad of arc nor more than 10.2 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location.

5.2.2 Symbol width.

- 5.2.2.1 <u>Track symbols</u>. The width-to-height ratio of the basic track symbols depicted in Table I shall be 1:1.
- 5.2.2.2 <u>Ground unit symbols</u>. The width-to-height ratio of ground unit symbols depicted in Table V should be approximately 3:2.
- 5.2.2.3 <u>Installation symbols</u>. The width-to-height ratio of installation symbols depicted in Table V shall be 1:1.
- 5.2.2.4 <u>Control points and equipment symbols</u>. The width-to-height ratio of control points and equipment symbols depicted in Tables XIII, XX, and XXVI should be approximately 2:3.
- 5.2.3 <u>Symbol stroke width</u>. The stroke width-to-height ratio of light symbols on a darker background should be not less than 1:6 nor more than 1:10, inclusively The stroke width-to-height ration of dark symbols on a brighter background should be not less than 1:6.

5.2.4 <u>Lines</u>.

5.2.4.1 <u>Line width</u>. The basic line width used to compose battlefield geometry symbols shall subtend a visual angle of not less than 1.2 mrad of arc when measured from the operator's eye in its normal viewing location. The equation shown in 5.2.1 may also be used to determine the appropriate line width, substituting line width for symbol height.

5.2.4.2 <u>Line brightness</u>.

- 5.2.4.2.1 <u>Levels</u>. No more than two brightness levels shall be used.
- 5.2.4.2.2 <u>Brightness categories</u>. Track symbols with their modifiers and alphanumeric data shall be displayed at a higher brightness level than ground units, installations, control measures, and equipment symbols when simultaneously displayed.
- 5.2.4.2.3 <u>Illuminance compatibility</u>. Symbol brightness (luminance) shall be compatible with the operator's visual tasks and illuminance environment.
- 5.2.4.2.4 <u>Brightness control</u>. Operator control of symbol brightness should be provided. Where such a control is provided, it should differentially dim the two brightness levels so that the brightness ratio between them is relatively constant. If the display is to be used in an area with controlled ambient lighting, the minimum adjustment of the lower level shall be capable of providing display legibility under the highest ambient lighting anticipated. A continuously variable rather than discrete control shall be provided.
- 5.2.4.3 <u>Line structure</u>. Not more than six kinds of line structure coding shall be used to display symbols. Those selected shall not preclude attaining required contrast and discrimination and shall conform to Figure 1.
- 5.2.5 <u>Intercharacter spacing</u>. The horizontal separation between alphanumeric characters shall be from 20 to 50 percent of the character width.
 - 5.3 Track, ground unit, and installation identifiers.
- 5.3.1 <u>Track identifier location</u>. The first character of the track identifier shall be located in the second data space to the right of a target symbol, as shown in Figure 3.
- 5.3.2 <u>Ground unit and installation identifier location</u>. The ground unit and installation identifiers shall be located as specified in Table VI.
- 5.3.3 <u>Content</u>. Integration of air track, map and ground unit symbology should be displayed as shown by an air defense system display example given in Figure 4.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 <u>Intended use</u>. This standard is intended to specify requirements and guidelines for selection and use of symbols for depicting essential information in Army system displays.

- 6.2 <u>Issue of DODISS</u>. When this standard is used in acquisition, the applicable issue of the DODISS must be cited in the solicitation (see 2.1.1).
 - 6.3 Subject term, (key word) listing.

Brightness

Coding

Modifiers

Shape

Size

6.4 <u>Changes from previous issue</u>. Marginal notations are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue due to the extent of the changes.

LINE CODING	E	XAN	ЛPL	ES A	ANI) AF	PRO	OXI	MA	TE S	SPA	CIN	IGS	
SOLID														
LONG DASH - TWO DOTS			••			••			••			••		
LONG DASH - SHORT SPACE														
SHORT DASH - ONE DOT		•		•		•		•		•		•		•
SHORT DASH - SHORT SPACE				11						ı		•		
SHORT DASH - LONG SPACE					1									

FIGURE 1. Line structure coding

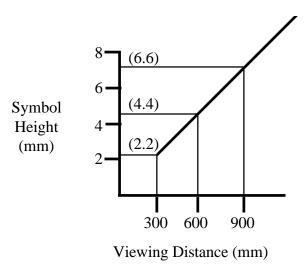


FIGURE 2. Single local track symbol height required for various viewing distances.

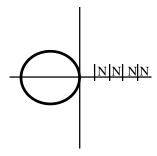


FIGURE 3. Track identifier location.

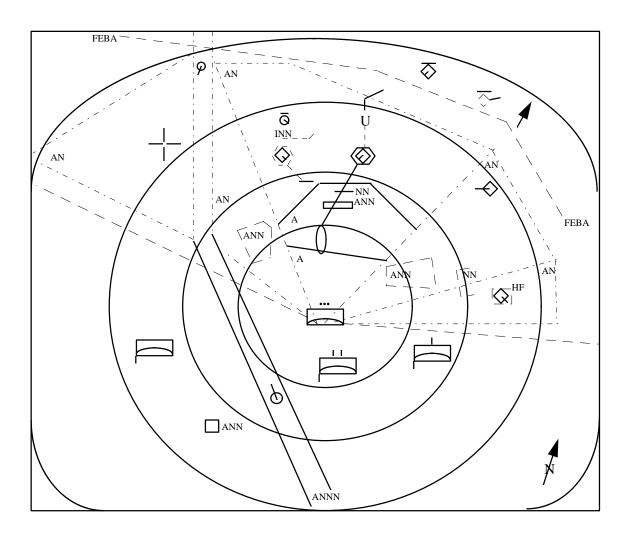


FIGURE 4. Example of an air defense system PPI display showing integration of symbols.

TABLE I. Basic Graphic Track Symbols

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	
HOSTILE AIR/SPACE TRACKS	<u>ENGAGEABLE</u>	<u>UNENGAGEABLE</u>
Fixed Wing (FW)	\Diamond	\Diamond
FW Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)	\diamondsuit	
Rotary Wing (RW)	$\overline{\diamondsuit}$	<u></u>
RW Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)	$\overline{\diamondsuit}$	
Tactical Air-to-Surface Missile (TASM)	\forall	-_/-
Cruise Missile (CM)	∇	\\\\
Tactical Ballistic Missile (TBM)	∇	_7
Satellite UNKNOWN AIR / SPACE TRACKS	\Diamond	ベン
FW	\cup	
FW UAV	igotimes	M
RW	$\overline{\cup}$	$\overline{\bigcup}$
RW UAV	$\overline{\bigotimes}$	$\overline{\bigotimes}$
	\bigcirc	
Satellite	•	

TABLE I. Basic Graphic Track Symbols - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME SYMBOL SHAPE FRIENDLY AIR / SPACE TRACKS **UNENGAGEABLE** FW FW UAV RWRW UAV Surface to Air Missile (SAM) Cruise Missile (CM) Satellite NEUTRAL AIR / SPACE TRACKS FW FW UAV RW RW UAV SAM CMSatellite

TABLE I. Basic Graphic Track Symbols - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE
	<u>ENGAGEABLE</u> *
HOSTILE LAND TRACK **	\Diamond
Hostile Surface Track	
Hostile Subsurface Track	
Suspect Hostile	\Diamond
UNKNOWN LAND TRACK	Θ
Unknown Surface Track	E
Unknown Subsurface Track	IJ
Pending Unknown	P
FRIENDLY LAND TRACK	Θ
Friendly Surface Track	igoredot
Friendly Subsurface Track	igoredot
Assumed Friend	\bigcirc
NEUTRAL LAND TRACK	
Neutral Surface Track	

Neutral Subsurface Track

TABLE I. Basic Graphic Track Symbols - (continued)

*Note: Unengageable tracks are depicted by a dashed-line structure of the basic symbol as shown in table I.

**Note: Track symbols and their modifiers are not tied to any specific BFA. All Army systems capable of displaying tracks shall use these symbols. Also, when role modifiers or icons are used within the track symbol, the horizontal lines for land, surface and subsurface tracks shall be located <u>outside</u> instead of inside the symbol frame.

<u>Unengageable status</u>. In table I, the unengageable status of a track indicates that a track cannot be engaged if one or both of the following conditions exist:

- a. The track is beyond the effective engagement range of the weapon system.
- b. The track is not to be engaged based on the current Weapons Control Order or Rules of Engagement.

Friendly and neutral tracks are never engageable; therefore, symbols are displayed using solid-line structure only. It is also assumed that most systems have a capability to change the track identification.

TABLE II. Graphic Track Symbol Modifiers

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Multiple Engageable Air Track		Used with all track symbols when two or more tracks are located in close proximity to each other traveling in the same general direction and at similar speeds. The symbol formed by the inner line shall be the same size as the single track symbol. The outer line shall be separated from the inner line by one
Single Engageable Air Track	\Q	stroke width of the line. All hostile and unknown track symbols shall be displayed by a solid line structure when such tracks are or become engageable.
Single Unengageable Air Track	\\$	All hostile and unknown track symbols shall be displayed by a dashed line structure when such tracks are or become unengageable for any reason.
Multiple Unengageable Air Track		Same as single, unengageable air tracks.
Engaged Air Track (Single)*		Indicates that a target is under engagement by a fire unit. The vertical dimension of this modifier shall susubtend a visual angle of not less than 12 mrad of arc. The modifiers shall be centered on the basic air track symbol.
To-Be-Engaged Air Track*		Indicates that a target has been assigned for manual or automatic engagement. The vertical dimension of this modifier shall be the same as that of the Engaged Hostile modifier.
To-Be-Engaged Air Track-Ripple Fire*	⟨ S	Same as To-Be-Engaged Air Track except that more than one missile is to be used.
* - Used only with hostile an	d unknown track symbols.	one missue is to be used.

TABLE II. Graphic Track Symbol Modifiers - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Fire Unit-Target Pairing	(fire unit	Used in fire distribution systems to designate assignment of a target to a fire unit/weapon system.
Speed/Heading Vectors*	symbol)	Speed shall be indicated by up to three possible values: high, medium, low. As a minimum, heading should be indicated as one of sixteen directions in 22.5 degree increments. A track having zero speed will not display a vector.
Low-speed Track with heading vector	₽	One end of the vector shall start at 1/2 the distance from the symbol center and the other end extending beyond the symbol perimeter line by the length of the vector within the symbol.
Medium-speed Track with heading vector	Q	One end of the vector shall start at 1/2 the distance from the symbol center and extend beyond the symbol perimeter line to a length equal to the total length of the low-speed vector line.
High-speed Track with heading vector		Vector extends from 1/2 the distance from the symbol center and extends to a length outside the symbol perimeter the lengthe of the external low and medium vectors.
Predicated Intercept Point	NN NN	Used only with missile/target pairing lines which are solid. Numerics give time to intercept in seconds.
Cover	Ccv □Cv	Indicates that a cover command is imposed on the track by either automatic or operator action. Modifier size shall be the same as for the To-Be-Engaged Track modifier.
*These vectors apply to all Tal	ble I symbols.	

TABLE II. Graphic Track Symbol Modifiers - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Cease Engage	CE	Indicates that a cease engage status is imposed on the track the same as for the To-Be-Engaged Track modifier.
Engage Hold	EH	Indicates that an automatic engagement is on-hold; used with ADA fire units which have an automatic engagement capability. Modifier size shall be the same as for the To-Be-Engaged Track modifier.
Hold Fire	HF	Indicates that a hold fire status is imposed on the track by either automatic or operator action. Modifier size shall be the same as for the To-Be-Engaged Track modifier.
Cease Fire	C F	Indicates that a cease fire status is imposed on the track by either automatic or operator action. Modifier size shall be the same as for the To-Be-Engaged Track modifier.
Launch-Now- Intercept Point	NN*	Depicted by an intercept point and connected to track symbol with a dashed (short dashes and spaces) line. Numerics show time to last launch in seconds. MSK (mask) shall be displayed when terrain affects the intercept.
Trails		Dashed (short dashes and spaces) straight-line segments extending from the current position of the track should be displayed to show track history. No more than 32 seconds of track history shall be displayed. Trails shall not be displayed when the launch-now-intercept point is displayed.

TABLE II. Graphic Track Symbol Modifiers - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Faker		Depicted by dashed line modifier as shown added above the basic hostile, unknown, and friend symbols to designate a particular track as a "Faker," (e.g., a simulated track).
NCTR IFF Response	€ _N	Depicted by an "N" modifier added to the interior of a basic track symbol to show that identification was made by a Non-cooperative Target Recognition Device.
Predicted Ground Impact Point	NNN	Used only with air-to-surface missile (shown in example) and tactical ballistic missile tracks. Numerics give time to impact in seconds. The line between the missile and predicted impact point is connected and decreases as the missile approaches the stationary impact point.
Probable Kill	#	This symbol appears at predicted intercept point and alternates at a 1 Hz rate with the engaged track symbol for up to 3 seconds after predicted intercept has occurred. For confirmed Kill, symbol shall not alternate and be constantly displayed.

TABLE III. Basic Landmark Symbols

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE
Building	an
Church	† an
Tower	an
Tree	7
Mountain	
Bridge	an
Storage Location	an

TABLE IV. Special Symbols

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Graphic Display Cursor	- <mark> </mark> -	Operator controlled. Can move in two dimensions simultaneously. Cursor shall not blink. The major dimension of the cursor shall subtend from 12.8 to 14 mrad of visual arc at the operator's eye.
Pointer		A transmittable symbol under the direct control of the operator, used to point to displayed information, for highlighting or identifying areas of interest. Solid line structure. Length of pointer shall subtend 10 to 11 mrad of visual arc at the operator's eye. Optionally used as a graphic display cursor.
Tabular Display Cursor	UNDERLINE	Operator controlled cursor. Can move horizontally left and right, vertically up and down. Can not move diagonally. Solid line structure. Length shall subtend 7 to 8 mrad of visual arc at the operator's eye. Blinking is optional (2 Hz, if used). Used to denote present cursor position for entering text.
Special Status	S	Displayed within the hostile, unengageable unknown, or friend track symbol.
Jammer (ECM)		Solid line structure. Symbol shall blink at a 1 Hz rate with the hostile symbol when range is known. This blink rate means that the Hostile and Jammer symbols are alternatively displayed; ie.e., both symbols are never displayed simultaneously.
True Friend	Т	Displayed within the friend symbol. Indicates an IFF Mode 4 response.

TABLE IV. Special Symbols - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Assumed Friend	A	Displayed within the Unknown symbol. Shows a Mode 3 IFF response which correlates with an unknown symbol.
Jam Strobe		Solid line structure. Length to be either initializable or fixed by design. Display to indicate bearing of a jammer when range is known. The one end should extend to limits of the display to facilitate triangulation process.
Display Clutter	=:=	Short dash and dot parallel line structure. Length to be fixed by design.
Concentration Point	(TGT NO.)	Used in ground fire planning by the Fire Support Node (Field Artillery)
Linear Concentration Line	(TGT NO.) (TIME)	
Rectangular Target	(TGT NO.) (TIME)	
Special Weapons Target	(TGT NO.)	
Target Reference Point	(HEIGHT) (TGT NO.) (DEL UNIT) (WPN TYPE)	

TABLE V. Basic Army Unit and Installation Symbols

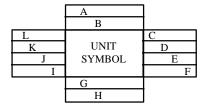
SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Army Unit		Unless otherwise stated, the exact location is indicated by the lower-left corner of the symbol.
Army Command Post (CP) or Headquarters		Location is indicated by the point of the shaft.
Army Unit or CP Offset Location		When necessary to offset the symbol from its current position, a location vector may be used. Also applies to installation symbols.
Army Unit or CP Projected Location	[]	A broken line (short dashes and spaces) shall be used.
Army Installation (Logistic, Electronic, Administrative)	Q	Unless otherwise stated, the exact location is indicated by the point of the short line. Line is always oriented 225 degrees clockwise from top of circle. Line length is fixed to the intersection of invisible vertical and horizontal lines which are tangent to the circle.
Army Installation Future or Projected Location		A broken line (short dashes and spaces) shall be used.
Hostile Army Unit	Н	An alpha designator - H shall be used as the first character in field F - see Table V; it shall be continuously displayed with the unit symbol. If a color capability is provided, Red shall be used to indicate a Hostile (enemy) Unit along with the alpha.

TABLE V. Basic Army Unit and Installation Symbols (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>REMARKS</u>
Unknown Army Unit	U	An alpha designator - U shall be used as the first character in field F - see Table V; it shall be continuously displayed with the unit symbol. If a color capability is provided, Yellow shall be used to indicate an Unknown Unit along with the alpha.
Friend Army Unit	F	An alpha designator - F shall be used as the first character in field F - see Table V; it shall be continously displayed with the unit symbol. If a color capability is provided, Green shall be used to indicate a Friendly Unit along with the alpha.
Hostile Army Installation	\bigcirc_{H}	Same as Hostile Unit.
Unknown Army Installation	Ou	Same as Unknown Unit.
Friend Army Installation	\bigcirc_{F}	Same as Friend Unit.

TABLE VI. Fields for Unit and Installation Symbols

12 fields (A through L) are shown on the following sketch.



Field

- A Special Unit/Installation Size Modifier*
- B Unit/Installation Size Modifier
- C Unconfirmed Unit/Installation Indicated by a Query Mark (?)
- D Reinforced or Detached Modifier (+) or (-)
- E Provides up to 4 kinds of information
 - Free Text

or

• Combat Effectiveness - (CE--%)

or

• Evaluation Rating (Hostile Only) - (an)

or

- Signature Equipment (Hostile Only) (!)
- F Provides up to two kinds of Information
 - Identification (H) or (U) or (F)**
 - Higher Echelon Designators (Alphanumerics)
 Note: An oblique stroke / shall be used between each designator.
- G Command Post Designation (aaaa)
- H Planned Direction of Movement Modifier ()
- I Unique Designation Always used with size modifier
- J Name of unit or Type of Equipment
- K Date Time Group From nn nnnn a
- L Date Time Group To nn nnn a
- * Specific modifiers are listed in Table VII.
- ** Identification alpha shall always be displayed; H Hostile, U Unknown, F Friend

Note: The fields described above shall be limited as follows:

- Above No more than 2 fields with each field not exceeding 6 alphanumeric (AN) characters or equivalent modifiers.
- Right No more than 4 fields with each field not exceeding 21 AN characters; more than one type of information may be included in each field provided that the maximum number of AN is not exceeded.
- Below No more than 2 fields with each field not exceeding 6 AN characters plus an arrow (if required) to show planned direction of movement.
- Left No more than 4 fields with each field not exceeding 15 AN characters.

The display and control design shall provide the operator with the capability of selecting and deselecting all and/or specific fields as required in order to reduce display clutter and present only timely and essential information. Only the alpha character for identification in field F shall be continuously displayed with the unit or installation symbol.

TABLE VII. Unit Modifiers for Field B

SIZE MODIFIER	GENERIC TERM
•	Team or Squad or Crew
••	Section
•••	Platoon or Detachment
1	Battery or Company or Troop
H	Battalion or Squadron
III	Regiment or Group
X	Brigade
XX	Division
XXX	Corps
XXXX	Army
XXXXX	Army Group
XXXXXX	Region or Theatre Army
	Battalion Task Force (uses Fields A and B)
?	Unit Size Unknown

TABLE VIII. Army Unit Role Modifiers - *Organization Type

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	BFA**	<u>REMARKS</u>
Adjutant General	AG	CSS	
Administrative			
Aerial Observation, Air Force	OBS	MVR	
Aerial Observation, Army	OBS	MVR	
Aero Scout		MVR	

^{*}Note: A few role modifiers of other services are shown where there is need for joint interaction of systems; e.g. JSTARS.

**Primary Battlefield

Functional Area User and Other Users:

A²C² - Army Airspace Command and Control

AD - Air Defense

CSS - Combat Service Support

ENG - Engineer Corps FS - Fire Support

IEW - Intelligence/Electronic Warfare

MVR - Maneuver Control

NBC - Nuclear, Biological and Chemical

SIG - Signal Corps

TABLE VIII. Army Unit Role Modifiers (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Air Assault Aviation Unit		MVR	
Air Assault Infantry	X	MVR	
Air Assault, With Sufficient Aircraft		MVR	
Air Assault, Without Sufficient Aircraft	<u>`</u>	MVR	
Airborne	\sim	MVR	
Air Cavalry	$\not\sqsubseteq$	MVR	
Air Defense Artillery		AD	
Air Defense	, ,		
Anti-Aircraft			
Air Defense, Air Assault Unit	× ·	AD	
Air Defense, Airborne Unit		AD	
Air Defense, Chaparral	C	AD	
Air Defense, Gun	G	AD	
Air Defense, Hawk	H	AD	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Air Defense, Patriot	P	AD	
Air Defense, Stinger	S	AD	
Air Defense, Gun/ Stinger/Avenger	GS	AD	
Air Defense, Vulcan	V	AD	
Air Defense, Vulcan/ Stinger	VS	AD	
Amphibious	$\sim\sim$	MVR	
Amphibious Engineers		ENG	
Antiarmor Antitank Anti-Tank		MVR	
Aliu-1 alik			
Armor		MVR	
Tank			
Armored			
Armored Cavalry Reconnaissance, Armor	\neq	MVR	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Army Aviation	\bowtie	MVR	
Helicopter	rightarrow	MVR	
Army Aviation (FW)	\bowtie	MVR	
Aviation, Combat	CBT	MVR	
Aviation, General Support	\sum_{GS}	MVR	
Aviation Unit, Command	CMD	MVR	
Aviation Unit, Corps	CORPS	MVR	
Aviation (Heavy Division)	HVY	MVR	
Aviation (Light Division)	∑ LT	MVR	
Aviation Intermediate Maintenance Unit	\bowtie	CSS	
Attack Helicopter		MVR	
Band	BAND	CSS	
Bridge	\succeq	ENG	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Cavalry		MRV	
Reconnaissance			
Chemical	\nearrow	NBC	
Chemical Reconnaissance		NBC	
Chemical Decontamination		NBC	
Chemical Smoke Gen Unit	75	NBC	
Chemical Smoke and Decontamination Unit	SD	NBC	
Civil Affairs	CA	CSS	
Combat Electronic Warfare Intelligence	CEWI	IEW	
CEWI, Air Assault Unit	CEWI	IEW	
CEWI, Airborne Unit	CEWI	IEW	
Combat Engineer	CBT	ENG	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
CSS Element, Theater Army		CSS	
CSS Element, Corps		CSS	
Data Processing Unit	DPU	CSS	
Dental	D	CSS	
EW Coordinator	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{W}$	IEW	
Electronic Warfare			
Engineer	 -	ENG	
Engineer, Air Assault Unit	–	ENG	
Engineer, Airborne Unit		ENG	
Engineer, Bridging		ENG	
Field Artillery, Air Assault Unit	Ď	FS	
Field Artillery, Airborne Unit		FS	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Field Artillery, LANCE	L L	FS	The PERSHING system is indicated by the letter P
Field Artillery		FS	
Artillery Unit			
Field Artillery, Tracked		FS	
Finance/Pay		CSS	
Infantry		MVR	
Rifle			
Airborne Infantry	X	MVR	
Paratroopers			
Infantry, BIFV		MVR	
Infantry on Foot		MVR	
Infantry, BIFV Dismounted			
Infantry, Light	LT	MVR	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Mechanized Infantry Combined Arms		MVR	
Motorized Rifle Troops		MVR	
Mountain Infantry		MVR	
Military Intelligence	MI	IEW	
Labor Resources	LR	CSS	
Maintenance)—(CSS	
Maintenance, Light) _{LT} (CSS	
Maintenance, Heavy	\bigcup_{HVY}	CSS	
Medical		CSS	
Medical, Air Assault Unit		CSS	
Medical, Airborne Unit		CSS	

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE		<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Medical Air Evac Unit	 	CSS		
Military Police	MP	MVR		
Military Police, Air Assault Unit	MP	MVR		
Military Police, Airborne Unit	\widehat{MP}	MVR		
Mountain		MVR		
Operational Maneuver Group	OMG			Used only with Hostile Unit
Ordnance	\bowtie	CSS		
Petroleum Supply	\bigvee	CSS		
Psychological Operations		CSS		
Quartermaster	 ()	CSS		
Ranger	RGR	MVR		
Replacement/ Holding Unit	RHU	CSS		
Rocket Artillery		FS		
Surface-To-Surface Rockets				
Service	SVC	CSS		

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE		<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Signal, Air Assault Unit		SIG	whee inser	symbols for tracked, eled and towed can be ted below the basic pool to show mobility
Signal, Airborne Unit	77	SIG		
Signal/Electronics Signals	7	SIG		
Sound Ranging		FS		
Special Forces	SF	MVR		
Supply		CSS		
Supply and Maintenance	<u> </u>	CSS		
Supply and Transportation	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	CSS		
Support	SPT	CSS		
Support, Air Assault Unit	SPT	CSS		
Support, Airborne Unit	SPT	CSS		
Light Tank	LT	MVR		
Medium Tank	MED	MVR		

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Heavy Tank	HVY	MVR	
Surface-To-Air Missile		AD	
Surface-To-Surface Missile		FS	
Survey	R	FS	
Target Acquisition	TA	FS	
Target Acquisition Recon Co	TARC	FS	
Topographic	×	ENG	
Transportation Transport	\bigotimes	CSS	
Unmanned Air Vehicle (UAV) (Reconnaissance)	\forall	IEW	
USMC	~~~	MVR	
Marine Amphibious Unit	Z		
Marine Amphibious Brigade			
Marine Amphibious Force			

SYMBOL NAME REMARKS	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>
Combat Type Unknown	CBT UNK	
Veterinary	V	CSS
Weather	МЕТ	IEW
Unmanned	\overline{A}	
Ground Vehicle (UGV) (Reconnaissance)		
Unmanned	₩	
Surface Vessel (USV) (Reconnaissance)		
Unmanned	**	
Sub-surface Vessel (USSV) (Reconnaissance)		

TABLE IX. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Collecting Activity

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Cannibalization Collection Point	CAN	CSS	
Civilian Collection Point	CIV	CSS	
Decontamination Point		CSS	
Maintenance Collection Point		CSS	
POW Collecting Point	POW	CSS	
Salvage Point	SALV	CSS	
Stragglers	\bigcirc s	CSS	

TABLE X. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Electronic

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Air Defense Radar		AD	
Artillery Locating Radar		FS	
Automatic Data Processing Central	ADP	CSS	
Data Distribution Center	DDC	SIG	
Direction Finding Station		IEW	
Dummy Radar Position		IEW	
Electronic Warfare Installation	EW	IEW	
Ground Sensor/ Surveillance Radar		IEW	
Intercept Station		IEW	

TABLE X. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Electronic (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Jamming Position		IEW	
MSE Node Center		SIG	
MSE Extension Node, Small	X	SIG	
MSE Extension Node, Large	X	SIG	
Radio Access Node		SIG	
Radio Relay Station Relay Point	2	SIG	
Radio/Wireless Station	ww	SIG	
Signal Communications Center		SIG	
Communications Head			
Communications Node			

TABLE X. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Electronic (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Target Designator Radar		FS	
Telephone Center	¢	SIG	
Teleprinter Center	<u></u>	SIG	
Observation Post	OBS	FS	

TABLE XI. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Logistic Supply

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Ration Point		CSS	
Class II - TOE	(FF-O)	CSS	
POL Point POL Dump	$\overline{\gamma}$	CSS	
Airforce POL		CSS	
Fuel Handling Point, AVGAS		CSS	
Solid Fuel		CSS	
Class IV - Construction		CSS	
Aircraft Maintenance Point		CSS	

TABLE XI. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Logistic Supply (continued)

SYMBOL NAME REMARKS	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>
Ammunition Supply Point		CSS
Ammunition Air Defense		CSS
Ammunition Air Force		CSS
Ammunition Transfer Point	ATP	CSS
Ammunition Army Aviation		CSS
Ammunition Artillery		CSS

TABLE XI. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Logistic Supply (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Ammunition Chemical		CSS	
Ammunition Mines/ Explosives		CSS	
Supply Point, Special Ammunition		CSS	
Ammunition Rocket Artillery		CSS	
Ammunition Small Arms		CSS	
Ammunition Tank		CSS	
Class VI - Personal Demand		CSS	

TABLE XI. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Logistic Supply - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Class VII - End Items		CSS	
Supply Point Medical		CSS	
Class IX - Repair Parts		CSS	
Class X - Civilian Affairs	CA	CSS	
Supply Point, Bulk Supplies	II IV VX	CSS	
POL Point, Chemical		CSS	

TABLE XI. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Logistic Supply - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Topographic (Map)		CSS	
Water Point		CSS	

TABLE XII. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Other Logistic

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Logistical Installation Logistic Base	LB	CSS	
Bridge Park Vehicle Parking Space	P	CSS	
Bath Point		CSS	
Dressing Station	D	CSS	
Field Aid Station	F	CSS	
Field Hospital	H	CSS	
Graves Registration Point		CSS	
Material Management Center	MMC	CSS	

TABLE XII. Army Installation Role Modifiers - Other Logistic

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Personnel Opns Center	TAPOC	CSS	
Traffic Control		CSS	
Air Force Logistical/ Administrative Installation		CSS	
Marine Corps Logistical/ Administrative Installation	$\left(S,S\right)$	CSS	
Navy Logistical/ Administrative Installation	The state of the	CSS	

TABLE XIII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Points

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Airbase	nna	MVR	
Airstrip	nna	MVR	
Check Point	CKP nn a	MVR	nn = 01 thru 99 a = H (Hostile) or F (Friend) or U (Unknown)
Coordinating Point Coordination Point	a	MVR (FLCM)	
Contact Point Place of Contact	CP nn a	MVR	
Earthwork/Trench	nna	MVR	
General, Unspecified Point	GP nn a	MVR	

TABLE XIII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Points - (continued)

	(continucu)		
SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Linkup Point	LP nn a	MVR	nn = 01 thru 99 a = H (Hostile) or F (Friend) or U (Unknown)
Passage Point	PP nn a	MVR	
Departure Point	DP nn a	MVR	
Rally Point	RALLY	A2C2	
Rendezvous Point	ARDVU	A2C2	
Release Point	RP nn a	MVR	
Release Point (CSS)	RP nn a	CSS	
Start Point	SP nn a	MVR	

TABLE XIII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Points - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Start Point (CSS)	SP nn a	CSS	
Surface Shelter	nn a	MVR	nn = 01 thru 99 a = H (Hostile) or F (Friend) or U (Unknown)
Traffic Control Point		CSS	
Underground Shelter	nn a	MVR	

TABLE XIV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Lines

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Battlefield Coordination Line	BCL BCL	MVR	
Boundary	1 XX 2	MVR (FCLM)	
Battalion Boundary	e-79 II e-1	MVR (FCLM)	
Brigade Boundary	2 X- 3	MVR (FCLM)	
Company Boundary		MVR (FCLM)	
Corps Boundary	XXX———————————————————————————————————	MVR (FCLM)	
Division Boundary		MVR (FCLM)	

TABLE XIV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Lines - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME REMARKS	SYMBOL SHAPE	BFA
Regimental Boundary	2-23 III 100	MVR (FCLM)
Boundary, Hostile	——н——хх——н——	
Bridgehead Line	an an	MVR (FCLM)
Coordinated Fire Line	CFL 502 MECH DIV 120030Z MAY	FS
Final Coordination Line	FINAL CL——FINAL CL	MVR
Fire Support Coordination Line	FSCL II CORPS 300030Z APR	FS
Fire Support Coordination Line, Hostile	H FSCL H	
Fortified Line	an TTTTTTT <u>a</u> n	MVR (FCLM)

TABLE XIV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Lines - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Forward Edge Of The Battle Area Forward Edge of Battle Area	FEBA FEBA a	MVR (FCLM)	This FEBA symbol is depticted graphically by displaying a coordination point and the label "FEBA" at the first and last points of the FEBA location.
Trace, FEBA	FEBA FEBA	MVR (FCLM)	Trace may be solid line (actual) or dashed line (planned).
Forward Line Of Own Troops	FLOT FLOT	MVR (FCLM)	
Front Lines	∩∩∩∩a	MVR (FCLM)	
Restrictive Fire Line	RFL 502 MECH DIV 170030Z DEC	FS	
Holding Line	BRAVO	MVR (FCLM)	

TABLE XIV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Lines - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Limit Of Advance	LOA a	MVR	
Line Of Contact		MVR (FCLM)	
Line Of Departure	LD a LD a	MVR	
Line Of Departure Is Line Of Contact	LD/LC CONTROL LD/LC LD/LC	MVR	
Phase Line	PL ~ PL a	MVR (FCLM)	
Probable Line Of Deployment	PLD	MVR	

TABLE XV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Areas

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Area	an	MVR	
Assault Postition	a ASLT PSN DELTA a	MVR	
Assembly Area Tactical Assembly Area	an	MVR	
Attack Position	a ATK a A12-17 INF	MVR	
Battle Position		MVR	
Brigade Support Area	BSA	CSS	
Coverage Diagram, (FS) (IEW)	an	FS IEW	

TABLE XV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Areas (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Division Support Area	DSA	CSS	
Drop Zone	an DZ an GREEN	MVR	
Encirclement of Friendly Force		MVR	
Encirclement of Hostile Force		MVR	
Engagement Area	EA RED n	MVR	
Forward Area Rearming Refueling Point	an FARP an	CSS	
Free Fire Area	FFA 8 CORPS 051030Z-054600Z MAY OR EFF 051030Z MAY	FS	
Landing Zone	an LZ an GREEN	MVR	

TABLE XV. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Areas (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Limited Access Area		MVR	Note: the alphanumerics identifying this symbol and ALL other symbols having a "name" or "number" identifier must be prescribed as "Name" or the "Location Identifier" in order to be displayed with the symbol.
Named Area Of Interest	NAI I	IEW	
No Fire Area	NFA 502 MECH DIV EFF 051030Z MAY	FS	
Objective Intermediate Objective	an OBJ an	MVR	
Pick Up Zone	PZ BLUE	MVR	
Restrictive Fire Area	RFA 1 RDE 051000- 051430	FS	
Strongpoint	SP an	MVR	
TGT Area Of Interest	TAI 1	IEW	

TABLE XVI. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Routes

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Bypass (Easy)		MVR	
Bypass	-		
Bypass Difficult		MVR	
Bypass Impossible	_	MVR	
Convoy	<u>an</u>	CSS	
Convoy Halted	an	CSS	
Convoy Light Line	LL——LL	CSS	
Main Supply Route	an MSRRED	CSS	
One Way Traffic		CSS	
Alternating One-Way Traffic	✓—ALT——	CSS	
Two Way Traffic	—	CSS	

TABLE XVII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Movements

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Ambush	an	MVR	
Axis Of Advance, Air, Main Attack	an	MVR	
Axis Of Advance, Air, Supporting Attack	an	MVR	
Axis Of Advance, Main	a ALPHA	MVR	
Axis Of Advance, Feint	CHARLIE	MVR	
Axis Of Advance, Supporting	a BRAVO	MVR	
Direction of Attack, Air, Main Attack	a—	MVR	
Direction Of Attack, Air, Supporting Attack	a— ∞	MVR	

TABLE XVII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Movements (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	REMARKS
Direction Of Attack, Army Air, Main	a——	MVR	
Direction Of Attack, Army Air, Supporting	a—>	MVR	
Direction Of Attack	a	MVR	
Direction Of Attack, Supporting	a	MVR	
Direction Of Attack, Main Feint	a	MVR	
Delaying Action	a	MVR	
Follow and Assume Main Attack	a	MVR	
Follow and Support Mission	<u></u>	MVR	

TABLE XVII. Control Measures - Ground Environment Control Movements (continued)

	(continued)		
SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Infiltration Lane	a INFILTRATION LANE	MVR	
Reconnaissance	a	MVR	
Screening	—a——	MVR	
Withdrawal	a	MVR	
Turning Movement		MVR	
Zone Of Action	1 XX 2 2 XX 3	MVR	"Sectors" can be reported as a multipoint battlefield geometry feature. However, they cannot be created from text message or in graphics as shown here. Instead, each boundary of the zone must be reported and, when displayed together, they form the "zone."

TABLE XVIII.	Control Measures -	- Ground Environment Crossing	S
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			0100011150
SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Assault Crossing/ Crossing Site	an	ENG	
Bridge	an	ENG	
Ferry	◄	ENG	
Ford	>	ENG	
Ford With Difficulty	√	ENG	
Minefield Gap	<u> </u>	ENG	
Minefield Safe Lane	 	ENG	
Raft Site	>	ENG	

TABLE XIX. Control Measures - Ground Environment Obstacles (Demolitions, Point and Linear)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Planned TGT Demo	an	ENG	
Demo, Prepared, State 1	an	ENG	
Demo, Prepared, State 2	an	ENG	
Demo, Fired	an	ENG	
Atomic Demo	an	ENG	
Abatis/Log Obstacle	an	ENG	
Booby Trap	an	ENG	
Nonexplosive Antitank	an	ENG	

TABLE XIX. Control Measures - Ground Environment Obstacles (Demolitions, Point and Linear) - (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Trip Wire	an	ENG	
Point Obstacle	an	ENG	
Ditch, Tank Anti-tank Ditch	an	ENG	
Anti-tank Ditch (Under Preparation)	an	ENG	
Barbed Wire		ENG	
Obstacle Line	 an	ENG	
Dummy Obstacle	an	ENG	

TABLE XX. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Points

SYMBOL NAME REMARKS	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>
Air Control Point	ACP	A2C2
Air Control Point, UAV	ACP n	A2C2
Air Traffic Control Point	ATC n	A2C2
Airbase	an	A2C2
Airstrip	an	A2C2
Beacon		A2C2
Contact Point (A2C2)	CP n	A2C2
Communications Control Point	CCP	A2C2

TABLE XX. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Points

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Control And Reporting Center	CRC n	A2C2	
Control And Reporting Post	CRP n	A2C2	
Initial Point	IP n	A2C2	
Pop-up Point	PUP	A2C2	

TABLE XXI. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Lines

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
IFF Switch Off Line	IFF OFF IFF OF	FF A2C2	
IFF Switch On Line	IFF ON IFF OI	N A2C2	
Reconnaissance and Interdiction Planning Line	RIPL RIPL	A2C2	

Control Measures - Air Environment Control Areas

TABLE XXII.

SYMBOL NAME BFA REMARKS SYMBOL SHAPE $\overline{\infty}$ Airfield Zone A2C2 ACA Airspace Coordination A2C2 23d Mech Div Area MIN ALT: 500 MAX ALT: 3000 EFF: 281400ZAPR 282030ZAPR ADIZ (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: Air Defense A2C2 **Identification Zone** TIME FROM: TIME TO: BDZ Base Defense Zone A2C2 (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: TIME FROM: TIME TO: Fighter Engagement A2C2 (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: Zone TIME FROM: TIME TO: FAADEZ Forward Area Air A2C2 (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: Defense Zone MAX ALT: TIME FROM:

TIME TO:

TABLE XXII. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Areas (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
High Density Airspace Control Zone	HIDACZ (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: TIME FROM: TIME TO:	A2C2	
Missile Engagement Zone	MEZ (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: TIME FROM: TIME TO:	A2C2	
Restricted Operations Zone	ROZ (UNIT ID) MIN ALT: MAX ALT: TIME FROM: TIME TO:	A2C2	
Shorad Zone		A2C2	
Vulnerable Area		A2C2	
Weapons Free Zone	WFZ: (UNIT ID) TIME FROM: TIME TO:	A2C2	

TABLE XXII. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Areas (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Combined Weapon Control Identification Origin Volume	ANNA	AD	Long dash and dot segments. The right Alpha character shall be either H (hold), F (free), or T (tight). the numerics shall be used when more than one volume exists with the same weapon control status, e.g., 01H, 02H, and 03H. *The bottom letter shall designate fixed wing, "F", rotary wing "R", or both if there is no letter present. *The left Alpha character if required, shall be either H (hostile) or F (friend) to show a Combined Identificaiton Origin and Weapon Control status.
Track Origin Volume	ANN	AD	Short dash and long space segments. Alpha character shall be either H or F for hostile or friendly origins. The numberics shall be used when more than one origin exists.
Restricted Volumes	NN NN	AD	Short dashes and spaces. "R" shall always be present and numerics to be used if more than one exists.
Prohibited Volumes	P	AD	Short dashes and spaces. "P" shall always be present and numerics to be used if more than one exists.

TABLE XXIII. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Routes

SYMBOL NAME

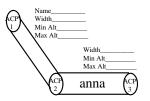
SYMBOL SHAPE

BFA

REMARKS

Air Corridor

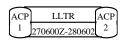
Combined Volume and Safe Passage Corridor



A2C2

ACPs and CCPs must be reported as separate A2C2 control measures. Name, Width, MinAlt, and MaxAlt will be displayed with each corridor as shown. Parallel solid or short dash and space lien segments. For on-way corridors, an arrow shall be used on both lines to show direction. The 1st Alpha is an F, which indicates a safe area for friendly aircraft. The numberics shall be used when more than one corridor exists and the other Alpha character shall be H (hold), F (fire), or T (tight) if weapon control status is required.

Low Level Transit Route



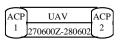
A2C2

Minimum Risk Route



A2C2

Unmanned Air Vehicle Route



A2C2

TABLE XXIII. Control Measures - Air Environment Control Routes (continued)

SYMBOL NAME **SYMBOL SHAPE BFA REMARKS**

-SAAFR Standard Army A2C2

Aircraft Flight Route SAAFR

Temporary Minimum TEMP MRR A2C2 270600Z-280602 Risk Route

TABLE XXIV. Special - Mines and Minefields

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Antipersonnel Mine	8	ENG	
Antitank Mine	-6-	ENG	
Antitank Mine With Antihandling Device	-	ENG	
Directional Mine	⊙▶	ENG	Arrow points toward area of main effect.
Mine Cluster Showing Personnel Mines	X Y	ENG	Rounded side points toward area of main effect.
Mine; Type Unspecified	6	ENG	
Tactical Minefield (With AP Mines)	an	ENG	If geographic location is a single point, one fixed size symbol will be centered at that point and will be rotatable; if location is multiple points, symbol will be drawn to connect points and will not be rotatable.
Tactical Minefield (With AP/AT Mines)		ENG	

TABLE XXIV. Special - Mines and Minefields (continued)

	1	`	,
SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Tactical Minefield (With AT Mines)	an	ENG	
Tactical Minefield (With Scatterable AT Mines)	S DTG	ENG	
Tactical Minefield (With Scatterable AP Mines)	S OTG DTG	ENG	
Tactical	an	ENG	
Minefield			
Nuisance	M	ENG	
Mined Area	M an M M		
Protective	an	ENG	
Phoney	M an M	ENG	
Anti-tank Ditch With Anti-tank Mines	an an	ENG	

TABLE XXIV. Special - Mines and Minefields (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Minefield Belt	BELT ALPHA	ENG	Minefields within a "Minefield Belt" or "Minefield Zone" must be defined individually using appropriate message sets/fields or graphic edit functionality. Belts encompass two or more minefields.
Minefield Zone	ZONE BRAVO 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 6 & 6 7 & 10 10	ENG	Minefield Zones encompass two or more minefields or minefield belts, each of which must be defined as described in

above remark.

TABLE XXV.

Special - NBC

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE	<u>BFA</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
Nuclear Report Nuclear Navy Report	(DGT) (Height of Burst) (Wind Dir.)	NBC	Nuclear explosion symbology will be shown as illustrated here, in yellow
Nuclear Report/With Fallout		NBC	
NBC Effects/1000 CGY Line	1000 CGY	NBC	The coordinates identified in set UNIFORM will define this effects line.
NBC Effects/300 CGY Line	300 CGY	NBC	The coordinates identified in set VICTOR will define this effects line.
NBC Effects/100 CGY Line	100 CGY	NBC	The coordinates identified in set WHISKY will define this effects line.
NBC Effects/20 CGY Line	20 CGY	NBC	The coordinates identified in set XRAY will define this effects line.
Wind Direction	WIND	None	
Map Reference Point	80———	None	

Special - NBC (continued) TABLE XXV. **SYMBOL NAME SYMBOL SHAPE BFA REMARKS** FREE TEXT **Biological Report** DTG BIO **NBC** Biological Navy Report DTG CHEM FREE TEXT Chemical Report **NBC** Chemical Navy Report Contamination, **NBC** Chemical Chemical Chemical Hazardous Area Contamination, **NBC** Biological Contamination, **NBC** Nuclear Smoke Area **NBC** SMOKE

TABLE XXVI. Equipment - Aircraft in Non-Track Status

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBO	OL SHAPE
	Army	Air Force
Fixed Wing (FW)		&
Rotary Wing (RW)		*
Remotely Piloted Vehicle (RW)		<u></u>
Remotely Piloted Vehicle (FW)		©
Rotary Wing - Attack		(Not Used)
Rotary Wing - Reconnaissance		(Not Used)
Rotary Wing - Transport/Lift		
Light	$\stackrel{\downarrow}{\blacktriangleright}$	*
Medium	*	*
Heavy	*	*
Fighter (FW)	(Not Used)	\$
Bomber (FW)	(Not Used)	÷
Fixed Wing - Transport/Light		I
Light		*
Medium		8-#8-#8-
Heavy		#
Fixed Wing - Reconnaissance		4

TABLE XXVII. Equipment - Weapons in Non-Track Status

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE			
	General	<u>Light</u>	Medium	<u>Heavy</u>
Gun	1 1	ı†ι	ιħ	申
Howitzer	I ↓ I	ıţı	ı†i	†
Mortar		Ţ	†	‡
Machine Gun/Automatic Wpn	山	Φ	中	违
Antitank Gun	ıŢı	ιŢι	宀	贞
Rocket Launcher	\uparrow	\widehat{lack}	\bigoplus_{ullet}	
Antitank Rocket Launcher	1	∓		*
Multibarrel Rocket Launcher	Î	Î	Ŷ	*
Air Defense Gun		<u> </u>	<u>†</u>	点
Air Defense Gun (Self Propelled)			<u></u>	<u></u>
Howitzer (Self Propelled)			□	# <u></u>

TABLE XXVII. Equipment - Weapons in Non-Track Status (continued)

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE			
	General	<u>Light</u>	Medium	<u>Heavy</u>
Missile	\bigcap	$\widehat{\parallel}$	$^{\scriptsize \parallel}$	\blacksquare
Antitank Missile			1	
Antitank Missile (Self Propelled)				
Air Defense Missile				
Tactical Ballistic Missile		Î	\blacksquare	
Flame Thrower		portable	vehicular	

TABLE XXVIII. Equipment - Vehicles in Non-Track Status

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE
Armored Personnel Carrier	
Armored Engineer Vehicle	
Armored Vehicle Launch Bridge (AVLB)	
Bradely Infantry Frighting Vehicle (BIFV)*	
Cavalry Fighting Vehicle (CFV)	
Tank **	Light Medium Heavy
Multipurpose Engineer Tractor	
High Mobility Vehicle	000

*Note: As shown in Table VIII, the Bradley Infantry Fighting Vehicle (BIFV) symbol may also be shown within the Infantry Unit symbol by using a vertical line modifier.

**Note: As shown in Table VIII, the tank symbol may also be shown within the Unit symbol by using the armor/tracked vehicle modifier symbol with the abbreviations of LT, MED and HVY for tank size.

TABLE XXIX. Equipment - Surface and Subsurface Vehicles in Non-Track Status

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE
Naval Ship (Size Unspecified)	
Submarine (Size Unspecified)	
Hover Craft (Size Unspecified)	
Amphibious (Cargo)	

TABLE XXX. Equipment - Vehicle Mobility Modifiers in Non-Track Status

SYMBOL NAME	SYMBOL SHAPE
Amphibious	~~~~
Over-Snow	
Towed Vehicle or Trailer	То
Tracked/Self Propelled*	
Wheeled	0 0
Wheeled Cross-Country	000
Wheeled/Tracked Combination	o
Railway	00 00

*Note: A tracked modifier used within a unit symbol is an armored unit having tanks or Bradley Infantry Fighting Vehicles.

CONCLUDING MATERIAL

Custodian: Preparing activity: Army - MI Army - MI

(Project HFAC-A026)

Review activities:

Army - AV, CE, CR, ER, MDI, SC, TE